$$\widehat{bcd} \quad \widetilde{efg} \; \dot{A} \; \dot{\boldsymbol{A}}\check{\boldsymbol{t}} \; \breve{\mathcal{A}} \; \acute{\boldsymbol{\imath}}$$

$$\langle a \rangle \left\langle \frac{a}{b} \right\rangle \left\langle \frac{\frac{a}{b}}{c} \right\rangle$$

$$(x+a)^n = \sum_{k=1}^{n} \int\limits_{t_1}^{t_2} \binom{n}{k} f(x)^k a^{n-k}\, dx$$

$$\bigcup_a^b \bigcap_c^d F \xrightarrow[abcd]{} E'$$

$$\underbrace{\overbrace{aaaaaaa}}_{\text{Siedém}} \underbrace{\overgroup{aaaaa}}_{\text{pięć}}$$

$$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}}}}} = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}}}}}}{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$\aleph_0 < 2^{\aleph_0} < 2^{2^{\aleph_0}}$$

$$x^{\alpha} e^{\beta x^{\gamma} e^{\delta x^{\epsilon}}}$$

$$\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int_S \boldsymbol{\nabla} \times \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S} \qquad \oint_C \vec{A} \cdot \overrightarrow{dr} = \iint_S \left(\boldsymbol{\nabla} \times \vec{A}\right) \overrightarrow{dS}$$

$$(1+x)^n = 1 + \frac{nx}{1!} + \frac{n(n-1)x^2}{2!} + \cdots$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2}\, dx &= \left[\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2}\, dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-y^2}\, dy \right]^{1/2} \\
&= \left[\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-r^2}\, r\, dr\, d\theta \right]^{1/2} \\
&= \left[\pi \int_0^{\infty} e^{-u}\, du \right]^{1/2} \\
&= \sqrt{\pi}
\end{aligned}$$